

Higgs Portal

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New physics in the Higgs sector



modified couplings to
known fields

$$y_0 \rightarrow y_0 + y_1 \bar{H}H / \Lambda^2$$



couplings to new fields

$$\bar{H}H S^2$$

$$(\partial H)^2 \longrightarrow (\partial H)^2 \left(1 + H^2 / \Lambda^2 + \dots\right)$$

$$y_0 H \bar{f} f \longrightarrow H \bar{f} f \left(y_0 + y_1 H^2 / \Lambda^2 + \dots\right)$$



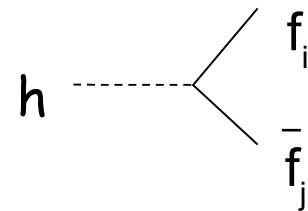
main effect: modified Yukawas

Higgs-induced flavor violation:

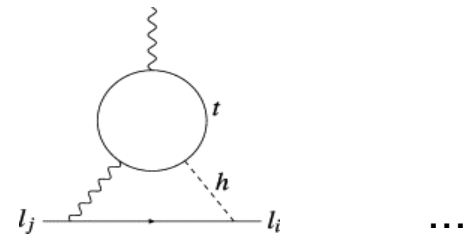
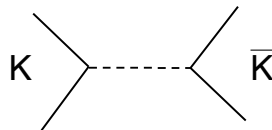
$$\begin{cases} M_{ij} = v Y_{ij} \\ y_{ij} = a_{ij} Y_{ij} \end{cases}$$



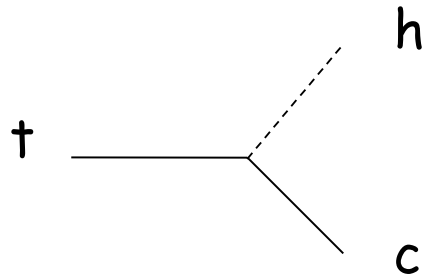
*not diagonalizable
simultaneously*



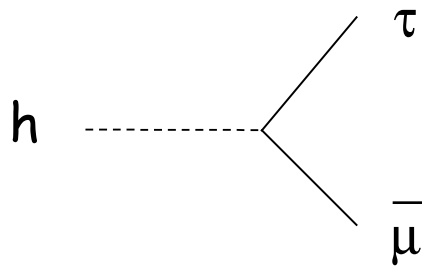
Constraints :



LHC :



$$BR \sim 10^{-2}$$



$$BR \sim 0.1$$

The Higgs key to the hidden sector

Motivation :

✓ E_8 $\times$ E_8 strings
observable hidden

✓ dark matter

✓ ...

Lowest order operators ("Higgs Portal") :

$$\overline{H}H S^2 + \dots$$

$$\overline{H}H V_\mu V^\mu + \dots$$

$$\overline{H}H \bar{\chi} \chi / \Lambda + \dots$$

"Portal" due to Patt,Wilczek'06 (earlier : Silveira,Zee'85; Shabinger,Wells'05;...)

Special role of the Higgs :

Silveira, Zee '85
Veltman, Yndurain '89
...

$|H|^2$ = the only gauge and Lorentz-inv. dim-2 operator

$$L = a |H|^2 S^2 + b |H|^2 S$$

(S = "hidden" scalar)

$b=0$ (S has hidden charge):

$$L = a |H|^2 S^2$$

" S " is stable and couples weakly to SM --> **DARK MATTER (?)**

Vector Higgs portal:

OL, Lee, Mambrini '11

$$L = a |H|^2 V_\mu V^\mu + b (\bar{H} i D_\mu H V^\mu + \text{h.c.})$$

(V_μ = "hidden" vector)

$b=0$ ($V^\mu \leftrightarrow -V^\mu$ symmetry):

$$L = a |H|^2 V_\mu V^\mu$$

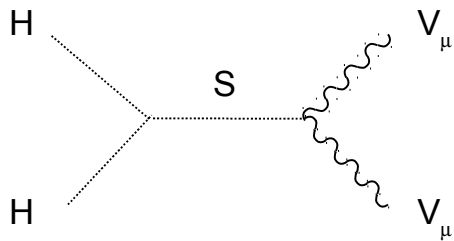


$$V^\mu = \text{DM} (?)$$

Higgs mechanism in the hidden sector :

$$L = -1/4 F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + D_\mu S^* D^\mu S - V(S) + \lambda/4 H^* H S^* S$$

$$S \longrightarrow \text{VEV}$$



$H^* H V_\mu V^\mu$ vertex

(Z_2 parity)

gauge invariance (+ minimal field content)



Z_2

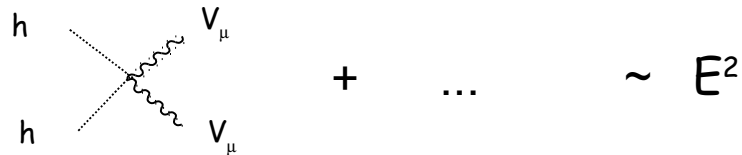
Unitarity:

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{4} \lambda |H|^2 V_\mu V^\mu + \frac{1}{2} m^2 V_\mu V^\mu$$

Physical mass :

$$m_V^2 = m^2 + \frac{1}{2} \lambda v^2$$

Cutoff :



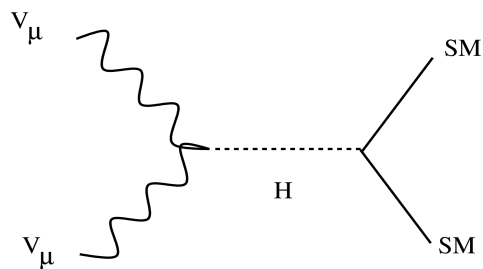
$$+ \dots \sim E^2$$

$$E \sim m_V^2 / m$$

$$(\cdot \sqrt{16\pi / \lambda})$$

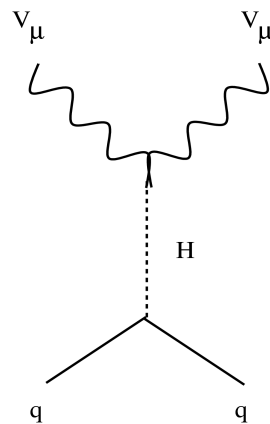
Important processes :

annihilation



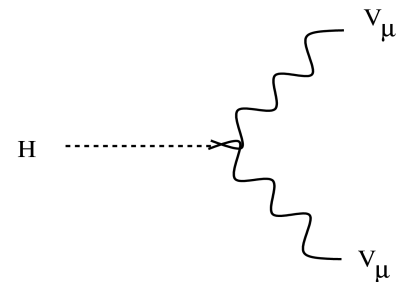
$$\langle \sigma v \rangle$$

DM-nucleon scattering



$$\sigma_{S-P}^{SI}$$

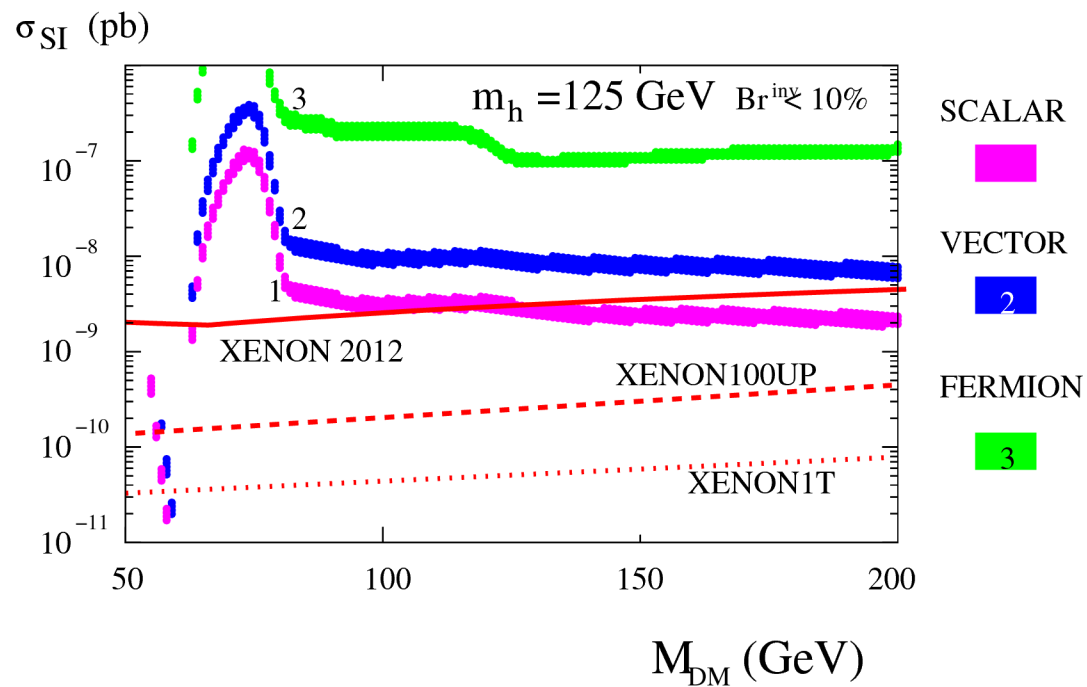
invisible Higgs decay



$$\Gamma_H^{\text{inv}}$$

Prediction :

Djouadi, OL , Mambrini , Quevillon '11



DM direct detection with $\sigma \sim 10^{-8} - 10^{-10}$ pb

Scalar vs Vector DM :

annihilation :

$$g_{\text{vector}}^2 = 3 g_{\text{scalar}}^2$$

(3 species)

direct detection :

same

(Higgs exchange)

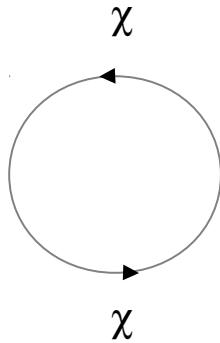
Higgs decay :

$$\Gamma_{\text{vector}} \sim m_h^4 / m_V^4 \Gamma_{\text{scalar}}$$

(Goldstone production)

Fermion DM :

suppressed annihilation

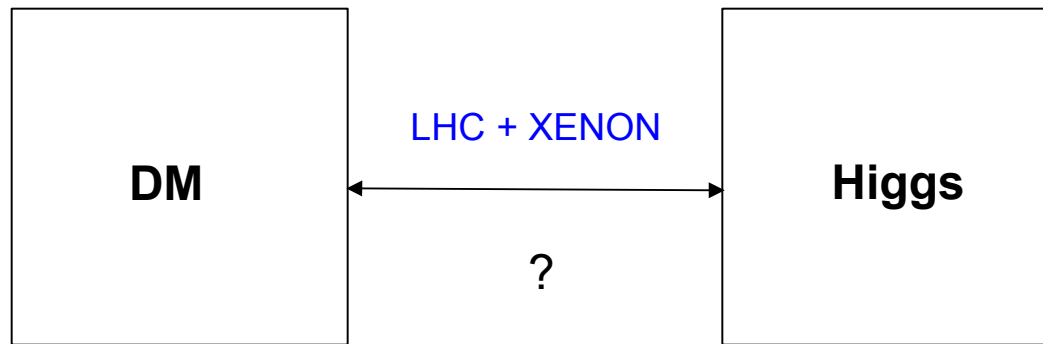


$$P = (-1)^{l+1} = -1 \quad , \quad P(h)=+1$$

Note: CP violation can solve the problem

$$\bar{H}H \bar{\chi} \gamma_5 \chi$$

Lopez-Honorez et al.'12

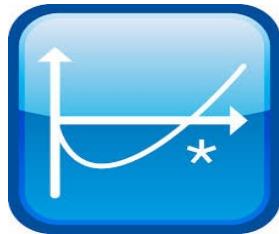


Dimensional transmutation and DM :

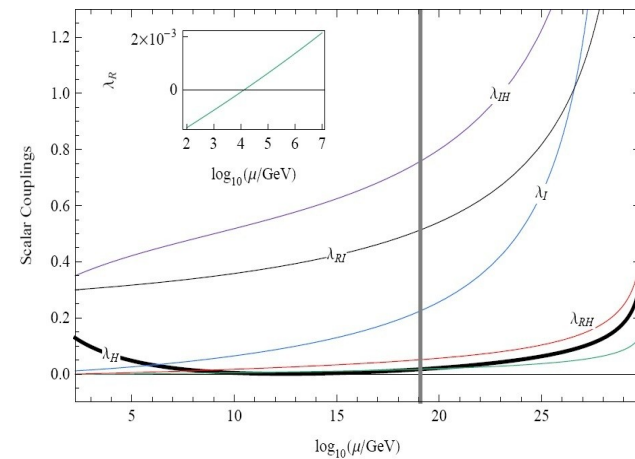
"Dimensionless" Higgs portal with a complex scalar ($s_R + is_I$) and Z_2 :

$$V = \frac{1}{4}\lambda_H\phi^4 + \frac{1}{4}\lambda_I s_I^4 + \frac{1}{4}\lambda_{RI} s_I^2 s_R^2 + \frac{1}{4}\lambda_R s_R^4 + \frac{1}{4}\lambda_{IH}\phi^2 s_I^2 + \frac{1}{4}\lambda_{RH}\phi^2 s_R^2$$

Coleman-Weinberg symmetry breaking due to s_R ($s_I = \text{DM}$) :



$$\lambda_R < 0, \lambda_{RH} < 0$$

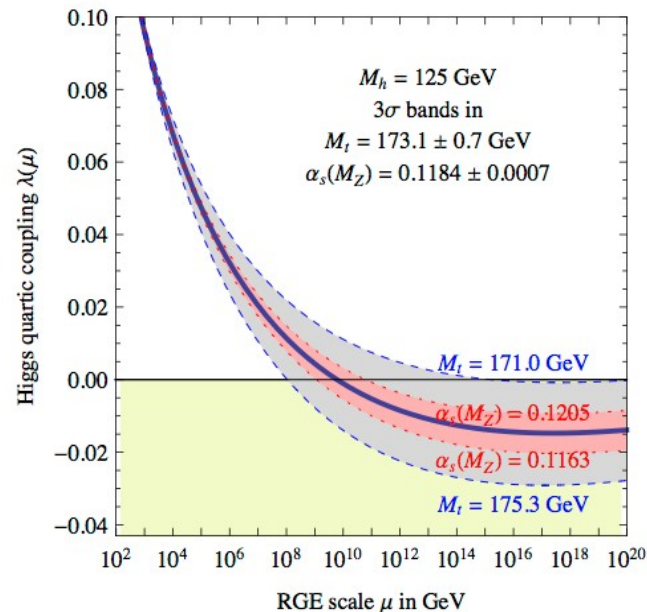


Higgs and inflation

Degrassi et al. '12

SM stability bound:

$m_h > 126 \text{ GeV}$ at 98% CL

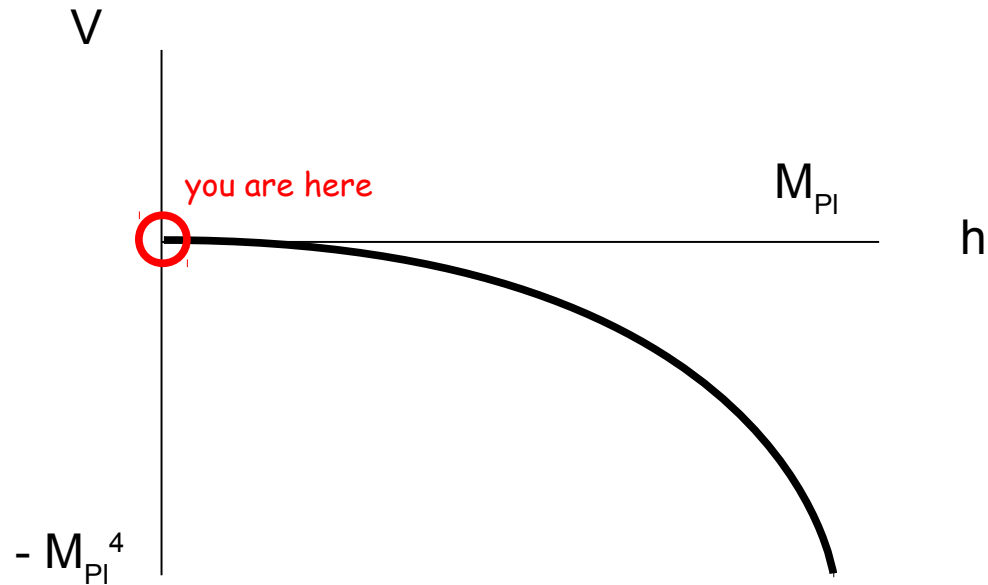


(not settled : Alekhin et al. '12
Bezrukov et al. '12)

$$h \gg \Lambda \sim 10^{10} \text{ GeV}$$



$$V \sim \frac{1}{4} \lambda(h) h^4, \quad \lambda(h) < 0$$



$$\Lambda = 10^{-8} M_{\text{Pl}}$$

,

$$\text{barrier} = 10^{-32} M_{\text{Pl}}^4$$

Problems :

- how did the Universe end up at $h \sim 0$?
- why did it stay there during inflation ?

Possible solution :

Higgs-inflaton coupling

$$\Delta V = \frac{1}{2} \xi h^2 \phi^2$$

(simplest choice)

$$\Delta V + V_{\text{Higgs}} > 0$$



$$\phi_0 \sim 20 M_{\text{Pl}} , \quad \xi \sim 10^{-6}$$

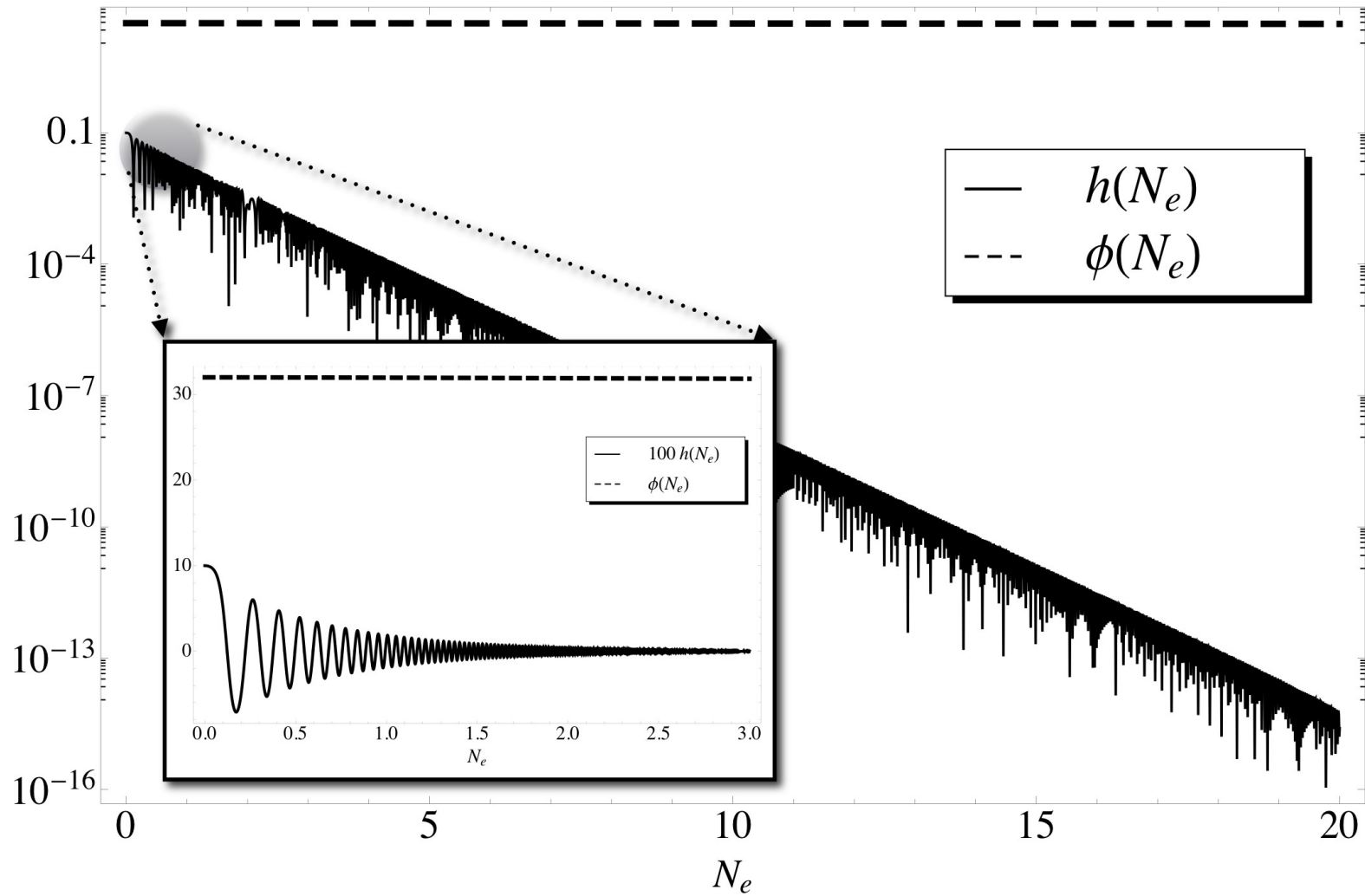
Large effective mass term



$$h(t) \sim h(0) \exp(-3/2 H t)$$

Higgs field is driven to zero during inflation !

Higgs/inflaton evolution (in M_{pl}):



Another option:

stabilize the EW vacuum

$$\Delta L = \frac{1}{4} \lambda_{hs} |H|^2 S^2 + \frac{1}{2} m^2 S^2 + \frac{1}{4} \lambda_s S^4$$

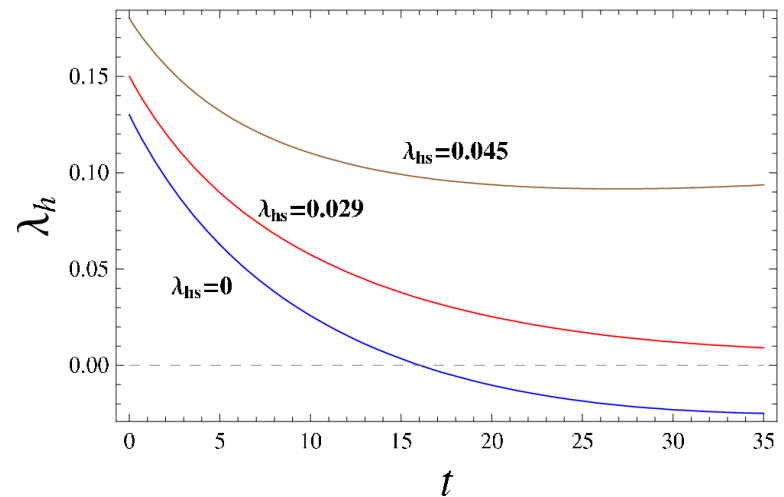
Low energy states :

$$\begin{cases} H_1 = H \cos \theta + S \sin \theta \\ H_2 = H \sin \theta - S \cos \theta \end{cases}$$

If $\langle S \rangle \gg 246 \text{ GeV}$,

$$\begin{cases} \theta \rightarrow 0 & (\text{SM-like Higgs}) \\ m_h^2 = 2 v^2 [\lambda_h - \lambda_{hs}^2 / (4 \lambda_s)] \end{cases}$$

OL '12
Elias-Miro et al.'12



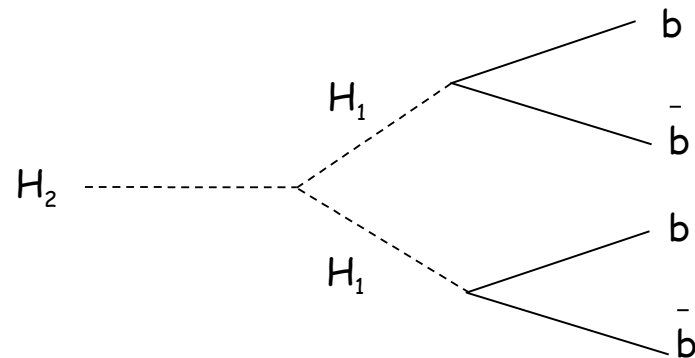
$\lambda_s = 0.01$
 $t = \ln(\mu/\mu_t)$



Higgs-portal coupling favored by cosmology

Possible low-energy signatures :

- 2 Higgs-like states
- suppressed couplings
- cascades



Higgs potential reconstruction :

Englert et al. '11

$m_1, m_2, \theta, H_2 \rightarrow H_1 H_1 \Rightarrow$ 4 parameters of the scalar potential

Conclusion

- Higgs sector is special
 - key to the hidden sector / DM / inflation
 - LHC/direct detection are crucial
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